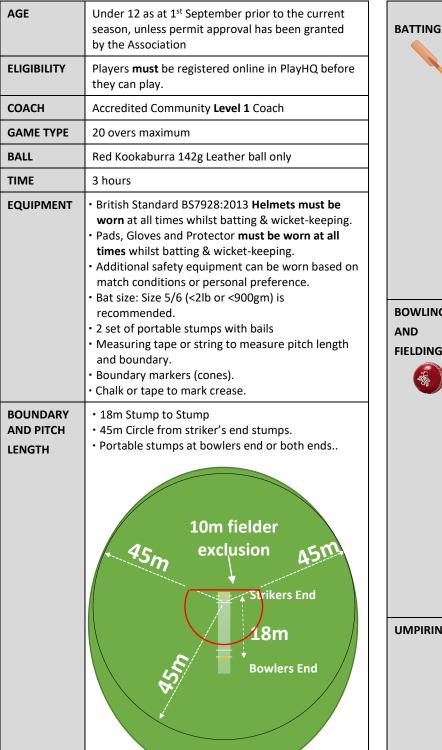
## UNDER 12 RULES (STAGE 2)



7 Minimum, 11 Maximum per team.
Recommended is 9 players per team.
9 Maximum on field at any given time.

8

20

7

20

1 innings of 20 overs (120 balls) per team.

PLAYERS PER TEAM

9(ideal)

Batting : Max balls faced per batter before retiring

20

10

15

11

15

TEAM

INNINGS

BATTING

<ul> <li>encourage maximum participation.</li> <li>All modes of dismissals count including LBW</li> <li>Any retired batters can return when all others have batted, in the order they retired.</li> <li>All balls (regardless of whether wides/no balls) will be included in the batter's ball count</li> <li>The innings is deemed as closed after the batting team has completed their allotted overs or the following amount of wickets have fallen: <ul> <li>7 player team: 6 wickets</li> <li>8 player team: 7 wickets</li> <li>9-11 player team: 8 wickets</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Maximum 8 balls per over except for the last over
<ul><li>where six legal deliveries must be bowled.</li><li>Maximum of 4 overs per bowler.</li></ul>
Bowlers must have a break of double the amount
of overs bowled between spells. • Coaches are encouraged to rotate the opportunity
for players to bowl 4 overs in a match throughout
<ul><li>the season.</li><li>Bowlers may opt to bowl from the one end only or</li></ul>
change ends after 10 overs. • Wides & no-balls will incur a 1 run penalty and
must be re-bowled up to the 8-ball maximum
Rotation of fielders is recommended to ensure
<ul><li>players experience all positions.</li><li>No fielders within 10 metres of the bat (except</li></ul>
regulation off side slips, gully and wicket-keeper).
• Teams have the option to change wicket-keepers after 10 overs.
If more than 9 players are present at a match,
rotate a player onto the field each over.
<ul> <li>The fielding side appointed umpire is the controlling umpire for each innings.</li> <li>A wide or leg-side wide will be called only if the ball when bowled on the matting, then deviates off the matting prior to the batting crease line.</li> <li>No Ball must be called when any ball is bowled above waist high on the full, by all bowlers including spinners.</li> <li>Any ball bouncing more than once before reaching the popping (batsmen's) crease is a No Ball.</li> <li>No Ball must be called when a ball is bowled onto the side of the concrete pitch or hits the straps or bowled on the grass, even if they deviate in any direction. Batters can hit these balls.</li> <li>Any ball that is played at by a batter that has both feet completely off the pitch shall be called No Ball, Dead Ball. This is to ensure the safety of the fielding side.</li> <li>Any ball that stops before reaching the batting (popping) crease shall be called No Ball, Dead Ball. This is to ensure the safety of the fielding side.</li> <li>In instances where the match is played on a hard wicket, Umpires are directed to call 'Dead Ball' against any ball which shoots from the gap in the matting. 'Shoots' means a ball acted in an</li> </ul>

All balls (regardless of wides/no balls) will be

that players will be dismissed. Coaches are

Retirement limits are based on the assumption

included in the batter's ball count.